

Knowledge and skills in music: KS2 - Years 3 and 4.

Content	Year 3	Year 4
To sing and play	Knowledge:	Knowledge:
musically with increasing	To know and be able to talk about:	To know and be able to talk about:
confidence and control.	 Singing in a group can be called a choir 	 Singing in a group can be called a choir
	• Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group	• Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group
	follow	follow
	 Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, 	 Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy,
	energetic or sad	energetic or sad
	 Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, 	• Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but
	but that you must listen to each other	that you must listen to each other
	 To know why you must warm up your voice. 	 Texture: How a solo singer makes a thinner texture
		than a large group
	Skills:	 To know why you must warm up your voice.
	To sing in unison and in simple two-part rounds.	
	To demonstrate a good singing posture.	Skills:
	To follow a leader when singing.	To sing in unison and in simple two-part rounds.
	To enjoy exploring singing solo.	To demonstrate a good singing posture.
	To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.	To follow a leader when singing.
	To have an awareness of the pulse internally when	To enjoy exploring singing solo.
	singing.	To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
		To rejoin the song if lost.
		To listen to the group when singing.

To play musical	Knowledge:	Knowledge:
instruments with	To know and be able to talk about the instruments used	To know and be able to talk about:
increasing accuracy,	in class (chime bars and a recorder).	• The instruments used in class (chime bars, a
fluency, control and		glockenspiel or xylophone and recorder).
expression	Skills:	
	To treat instruments carefully and with respect.	Skills:
	To play a one-note, simple rhythm from memory or using	To treat instruments carefully and with respect.
	notation.	To play any differentiated part on a tuned instrument - a
	To rehearse and perform their part within the context	simple or medium part or the melody of the song from
	of the piece.	memory or using notation.
	To listen to and follow musical instructions from a	To rehearse and perform their part within the context of
	leader	the piece.
		To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
		To experience leading the playing by making sure everyone
		plays in the playing section of the song.
To listen with attention	Knowledge:	Knowledge:
to detail and recall	To know at least three songs from memory and who	To know five songs from memory and who sang them or
sounds with increasing	sang them or wrote them.	wrote them.
aural memory	To know the style of the songs.	To know the style of the five songs.
	To choose one song and be able to talk about:	To choose one song and be able to talk about:
	 Its lyrics: what the song is about 	• Some of the style indicators of that song (musical
	• Any musical dimensions featured in the song, and	characteristics that give the song its style).
	where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm	• The lyrics: what the song is about.
	and pitch)	• Any musical dimensions featured in the song and where
	• Identify the main sections of the song (introduction,	they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and
	verse, chorus etc.)	pitch).
	• Name some of the instruments they heard in the song	To identify the main sections of the song (introduction,
		verse, chorus etc).
	Skills:	To identify and name some of the instruments of the
	To confidently identify and move to the pulse.	orchestra.
	To think about what the words of a song mean.	
		Skills:

	To take it in turn to discuss how the song makes them feel. To listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.	To confidently identify and move to the pulse. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs e.g. if the song gets louder in the chorus (dynamics). To talk about the music and how it makes them feel. To listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. To use musical language when talking about music.
To improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music.	 Knowledge: To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot. When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake. To know that composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. To know that there are different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.) To know the difference between improvisation and composition. 	Knowledge: To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot. When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations. To know the difference between improvisation and composition.
	Skills: To improvise using instruments in the context of the song they are learning to perform. Using the improvisation tracks provided, children will complete the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges. To create at least one simple melody using one, two or three different notes. To talk about how it was created.	Skills: Improvise using instruments in the context of a song they are learning to perform. Use the improvisation tracks provided and improvise using the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges. To create at least one simple melody using between one and five different notes. To plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song.

	To listen to and reflect upon the developing composition	To talk about how it was created.
	and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch,	To listen to and reflect upon the developing composition
	dynamics and tempo.	and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch,
	To record the composition in any way appropriate that	dynamics and tempo.
	recognises the connection between sound and symbol	To record the composition in any way appropriate that
	(e.g. graphic/notation/pictorial).	recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g.
		graphic/pictorial/ notation).
To use and understand	Knowledge:	Knowledge:
staff and other musical	To know musical notes are written on 5 lines called the	To know musical notes are written on 5 lines called the
notations	stave.	stave.
	To know notes are placed either on the lines or in the	To know how B, A and G are represented on the stave.
	spaces.	To know that silence in music is represented by rests.
	To know that musical notes are represented by a head,	
	stem and tail.	Skills:
		To play the notes B, A and G on the recorder by reading
	Skills:	the musical notation.
	To play the notes B, A and G on the recorder in	To play notes C, D and E on the chime bars by reading the
	response to notation or visual prompts.	musical notation.
	To play notes C, D and E on the chime bars in response	To recognise crotchets, minims, quavers, semibreves and
	to visual prompts.	crotchet rests.
	To observe and comment on the differences between	
	crotchets, minims, quavers and semibreves in both	
	appearance and length.	
To appreciate and	Knowledge:	Knowledge:
understand a wide range	To talk about musical dimensions featured in music, and	To talk about some of the style indicators of a piece of
of high-quality live and	where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm	music (musical characteristics that give the song its
recorded music drawn	and pitch)	style). To talk about the lyrics of a song.
from different traditions	To know that music has a musical style.	To discuss musical dimensions featured in the song and
and from great	To identify the main sections of the song (introduction,	where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm
composers and musicians.	verse, chorus etc.)	and pitch).
	To name some of the instruments they heard in the	To identify the main sections of the song (introduction,
	song	verse, chorus etc).

	Skills: To confidently identify and move to the pulse. To take it in turn to discuss how the music makes them feel. To listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. To learn how music can tell a story or describe an idea. To identify a repeating theme.	To name some of the instruments they heard in the song. Skills: To confidently identify and move to the pulse. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in music (eg. if the song gets louder in the chorus). To talk about the music and how it makes them feel. To listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. To use correct musical language in discussion.
To develop an	Knowledge:	Knowledge:
understanding of the history of music.	To be able to name one great composer.	To listen to a piece of music and know who wrote it.
history of music.	Skills:	Skills:
	To listen to music from different periods of time and	To listen to music from different periods of time and
	begin to place on a timeline.	place on a timeline with increasing ability.
	To begin to identify similarities and differences in the	To compare the works of great composers and musicians
	work of a great composer/musician from history	with increasing confidence.